

Respostas dos Exercícios - Lista III

Física III - FGE211

1º Semestre de 2017

1. (a) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{F} = 0$, $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F} = -2\hat{k}$
 (b) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{G} = 0$, $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{G} = \vec{0}$, $\vec{G} = \vec{\nabla}\phi$, $\phi = (2x + 3z)y$
 (c) $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{H} = 4x$, $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = -4z\hat{j}$

2. (a) 21 kV

$$(b) 2320 \text{ V}$$

(c)

$$\varphi(\rho, z) = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\operatorname{arcsenh} \left(\frac{z+a}{\rho} \right) - \operatorname{arcseh} \left(\frac{z-a}{\rho} \right) \right] \quad (1)$$

3. (a)

Dentro

$$E = \frac{A}{2\epsilon_0} \quad , \quad \varphi = \frac{Ar}{2\epsilon_0} \quad (2)$$

Fora

$$E = \frac{AR^2}{2\epsilon_0 r^2} \quad , \quad \varphi = \frac{AR^2}{\epsilon_0 r} \quad (3)$$

(b)

Dentro

$$E = \frac{\rho_0 r}{3\epsilon_0} \quad , \quad \varphi = \frac{\rho_0 r^2}{6\epsilon_0} \quad (4)$$

Fora

$$E = \frac{\rho_0 R^3}{3\epsilon_0 r^2} \quad , \quad \varphi = \frac{\rho_0 R^3}{6\epsilon_0 r} \quad (5)$$

4. (a)

$$U(z) = \frac{pq}{4\pi\epsilon_0 z^3} \quad , \quad p = Qd \quad (6)$$

(b)

$$\vec{F} = \frac{qp}{4\pi\epsilon_0 z^3} \hat{k} \quad (7)$$

(c)

$$\vec{F} = 10^{-11} \text{ N} \hat{k} \quad , \quad (8)$$

a força atua no sentido positivo de \hat{k} , portanto, é atrativa.

5. (a)

$$\varphi = \left(\frac{r_a r_b}{r_a - r_b} \right) \frac{(\varphi_a - \varphi_b)}{r} + \left(\frac{r_a \varphi_a - r_b \varphi_b}{r_a - r_b} \right) \quad (9)$$

(b)

$$\varphi = \frac{r_b \varphi_b}{r} \quad (10)$$

5.

$$\varphi(x, y, z) = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{1}{(x^2 + y^2 + (z - d)^2)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{(x^2 + y^2 + (z + d)^2)^{1/2}} \right] \quad (11)$$

☞ Problema desafio:

Raio da casca esférica: R ,

Densidade superficial de carga: σ

(a)

$$V = \frac{\sigma R}{4\epsilon_0} \quad (12)$$

(b)

$$v_\infty = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma R q}{2m\epsilon_0}} \quad (13)$$